# FIELD GUIDE

TO SPORTS INJURY



FRACTURE (BROKEN BONES)

A fracture is any break in a bone.



#### **SHOULDER** INJURY

A pain or stiffness in the shoulder caused by a range of different injuries.



#### **ACL TEAR**

A tear of the anterior cruciate ligament located in your knee.



#### SHIN **SPLINT**

Shin splints refer to pain located in the tibia (large bone in your lower leg).

# **PATELLOFEMORAL SYNDROME**

This occurs when cartilage behind the knee cap gets damaged.

# INJURY

### WHAT DO I LOOK FOR?

## WHAT SHOULD I DO?



Your child has been complaining about their stiff or tender shoulder. They may even mention lack of shoulder strength.

Shoulder injuries are most common in sports like football, baseball, and wrestling.

Minor shoulder injuries can be treated with rest, ice, or over-the-counter pain medication.

If the injury presents itself more seriously, seek medical attention.



Notice a deformity in bone structure? Keep an eye out for bruising, swelling, or an inability to bear weight.

You may also experience loss of function in the affected area.

Immobilize the injured area and apply ice packs to reduce any swelling.

Do not attempt to move the athlete except to avoid further injury. As with all sports injuries, suspected fractures should be treated with the same level of importance.



Your child felt or heard a "pop," followed by swelling of the knee.

These symptoms may prohibit the placement of weight on the injured area.

Seek medical attention immediately.

Potential courses of action may be surgical or therapeutic in nature.



Engaging in day-to-day activity is causing pain or stiffness in your child's knee.

This condition can be treated by temporarily removing the pain-causing activity until the knee feels better.

Atheltes should also rely on rest, ice, and elevation of the inured knee.



Has your child recently changed the way they train for a particular sport?

Sometimes this can cause pain or soreness in the shin, otherwise known as a shin splint.

Oftentimes, shin splints can be treated with over-the-counter pain medication, ice, and rest.

You should always seek medical attention if pain continues or you feel the injury may be threatening.









